

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/905,573	73 07/13/2001		John Aram Safa	afa SWIN 2275	2842	
7812	7590	01/11/2005		EXAMINER		
SMITH-HI			HENNING, MATTHEW T			
12670 N W BARNES ROAD SUITE 104				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
PORTLAND, OR 97229				2131		
				DATE MAILED: 01/11/200	DATE MAILED: 01/11/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

-		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
,	Office Action Community	09/905,573	SAFA, JOHN ARAM				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Matthew T Henning	2131				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ars on the cov r she t with the c	orrespond nc address				
THE II - External formula after in the infino in the infino infino and infinitely after the i	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONEE	rely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)[	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 Ju	ly 2001.					
2a) <u></u> □	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or						
Applicati	on Papers						
9)🖾 -	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)🛛 ີ	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 13 July 2001 is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents  2. Certified copies of the priority documents  3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior  application from the International Bureau see the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage				
Attachment	(s)	,					
1) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
3) 🛛 Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date 10/15/01 11/06/02.	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te atent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 09/905,573

Art Unit: 2131

This action is in response to the communication filed on 7/13/2001.

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1-26 have been examined.

#### Title

2. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

# **Priority**

- 3. The application has been filed under Title 35 U.S.C §119, claiming priority to United Kingdom Application number 0017478.9, filed July 18, 2000.
- 4. The effective filing date for the subject matter defined in the pending claims in this application is July 18, 2000.

# Information Disclosure Statement

5. The information disclosure statements (IDS) submitted on 10/15/2001 and 11/06/2002 are in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the examiner is considering the information disclosure statements.

### Drawings

6. The drawings filed on 07/13/2001 are acceptable for examination proceedings.

# Specification

7. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

Application/Control Number: 09/905,573 Page 3

Art Unit: 2131

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

8. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because

Line 1: "Computer Software Installation (Fig. 3a)" must be removed, as it is not a proper heading for the Abstract of the Disclosure.

Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

9. The specification is objected to for failing to provide proper headings for each section. See MPEP § 608.01(a).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

10. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

11. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 5 recites the limitation "the address table" in line 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. For purposes of searching prior art, the examiner will presume that the limitation was meant to read "an address table".

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

12. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

13. Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Claims 1-9 are merely directed towards software and include no

Art Unit: 2131

statutory limitations. Therefore, claims 1-9 are non-statutory and fail to meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

14. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 15. Claims 1, 3-6, 9-17, 20-21, 23-24, and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Altberg et al. (US Patent Number 6,353,928) hereinafter referred to as Altberg.
- Regarding claim 1, Althory disclosed computer software which includes an executable program which requires access to at least one sub-routine during execution (See Althory Abstract), the software further including the or each of the sub-routines in encrypted form (See Althory Col. 7 Lines 16-25), and further including a decryption routine operable to convert the encrypted sub-routines to an executable form, at least when access is required (See Althory Col. 7 Lines 16-25, Claim 8 and Fig. 3).
- 17. Regarding claim 3, Althory disclosed that the decryption routine makes an entry in an address table to identify the location of a recreated sub-routine, the address table being accessible by the program for locating sub-routines for access when required (See Althory Col. 5 Paragraph

Art Unit: 2131

3 wherein Altberg states that the files are placed in predetermined locations, all known by the application, the shared library DLL and the installer module, and therefore it was inherent that the location of the required files was placed in an address table in order for the locations to have been known).

- 18. Regarding claim 4, Although disclosed that the decryption routine is operable to detect the presence of a sub-routine already available within a system running the software, and to cause the executable program to use a sub-routine if already available (See Although Col. 7 Paragraphs 3-4).
- 19. Regarding claim 5, Althory disclosed that the decryption routine is operable to incorporate within the address table an address for a sub-routine already available, whereby decryption of a further copy of the sub-routine is not required (See Althory Col. 7 Lines 16-35 and Col. 5 Paragraphs 3-4).
- 20. Regarding claim 6, Althory disclosed that the decryption routine is operable to discriminate between different versions of a sub-routine, whereby to decrypt an encrypted version in the event that only a different version is available within the system (See Althory Col. 3 Lines 37-44).
- 21. Regarding claim 9, Although disclosed that encryption and decryption include or consist of compression or decompression techniques (See Although Col. 7 Paragraph 3).
- 22. Regarding claims 10-11, Althory disclosed a computer readable medium, having a program recorded thereon, wherein the program comprises the computer software (See Althory claims 1-14) and a computer system comprising processing means operable to execute software, and at least one piece of the computer software (See Althory claims 19-21).

Art Unit: 2131

- 23. Regarding claim 12, Altherg disclosed a computer system operable to execute an executable program, the system including: first store means containing computer readable code representing the executable program (See Altherg Fig. 1 Elements 27 and 36); loading means operable to load the code for execution (See Altherg Fig. 1 Elements 22 and 36 wherein it was inherent that the code was loaded into RAM); identifying means operable to identify any subroutines required by the executable program during execution thereof (See Altherg Fig. 3 Step 310 wherein it was inherent that the required files were identified prior to verifying their existence); second store means containing computer readable code representing the or each subroutine identified by the identifying means (See Altherg Fig. 2 Element 220 File 1 File N); and second loading means operable to load from the second store means the or each sub-routine in the event that the sub-routine is not available elsewhere within the system (See Altherg Fig. 3 Step 320).
- 24. Regarding claim 13, Althory disclosed that the identifying means and second loading means are operated on each occasion that execution of the executable program is initiated, whereby to make the sub-routines available on each occasion (See Althory Fig. 3 and Col. 6 Line 50 Col. 7 Line 54).
- 25. Claim 14 is rejected for the same reasons as claim 3 above.
- 26. Claim 15 is rejected for the same reasons as claim 4 above.
- 27. Claim 16 is rejected for the same reasons as claim 5 above.
- 28. Claim 17 is rejected for the same reasons as claim 6 above.
- 29. Claim 20 is rejected for the same reasons as claim 9 above.

Application/Control Number: 09/905,573 Page 7

Art Unit: 2131

30. Regarding claim 21, Altherg disclosed a method of installing a piece of computer

software, comprising: installing an executable program of the type which requires access to at

least one sub-routine during execution (See Altberg Abstract); decrypting an encrypted copy of

the sub-routine (See Altberg Col. 7 Lines 16-23); and installing the decrypted copy for access by

the executable program (See Altberg Col. 7 Lines 23-25).

31. Regarding claim 23, Althory disclosed that the method further comprises the steps of

identifying any sub-routines already installed and available to the executable program, and

decrypting and installing only the or any required sub-routine which is not so available (See

Altherg Fig. 3).

32. Claim 24 is rejected for the same reasons as claim 6 above.

33. Claim 26 is rejected for the same reasons as claim 9 above.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 34. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 35. Claims 2 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Altberg as applied to claims 1 and 21 above, and further in view of Glover (US Patent Number 6,052,780).

Althory disclosed checking for the required files each time the application was run (See Althory Fig. 3 and related specification), but Althory failed to disclose recreating the required files each time the application was run.

Glover teaches that in order to protect applications from being copied, certain parts of the application should be encrypted and each time the software is run the parts should be decrypted and further destroyed when the application terminates (See Glover Col. 3 Paragraph 3 and Col. 10 Paragraph 3).

It would have been obvious to the ordinary person skilled in the art at the time of invention to employ the teachings of Glover in the installation program of Altberg by deleting the required files after the application completed and recreating them when the application was executed. This would have been obvious because the ordinary person skilled in the art would have been motivated to secure the application against pirating.

36. Claims 7-8, 18-19, and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Althorg as applied to claims 1, 12, and 21 above, and further in view of Shen (US Patent Number 6,611,850).

Althory teaches a providing a copy of the application (See Rejection of claim 12 above) but failed to disclose providing an encrypted backup copy of the application to be decrypted and installed in the event that the original application was missing or determined to be corrupt.

Shen teaches a method for protecting files by providing a backup encrypted copy of the file which is decrypted in the event that that original file is missing or corrupt (See Shen Col. 3 Lines 5-24).

Application/Control Number: 09/905,573 Page 9

Art Unit: 2131

It would have been obvious to the ordinary person skilled in the art at the time of invention to employ the teachings of Shen in the installation system of Altberg by creating an encrypted backup file of the application and using the backup to restore the application in the event that the file was found to be missing or corrupt. This would have been obvious because the ordinary person skilled in the art would have been motivated to provide protection against accidental deletion of the application, malfunction, or infection by a computer virus.

### Conclusion

- 37. Claims 1-26 have been rejected.
- 38. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:
  - a. Cina, Jr. (US Patent Number 4,930,073) disclosed a method for checking the version of a stored program in order to prevent the use of an incorrect version.
  - b. Hammond (US Patent Number 5,974,470) disclosed a system for managing different versions of DLLs.

Application/Control Number: 09/905,573

Art Unit: 2131

Page 10

Please direct all inquiries concerning this communication to Matthew Henning whose telephone number is (571) 272-3790. The examiner can normally be reached Monday-Friday

from 9am to 4pm, EST.

If attempts to reach examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's acting supervisor, Ayaz Sheikh, can be reached at (571) 272-3795. The fax phone number for this group is (703) 305-3718.

Any inquiry of general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

Matthew Henning Assistant Examiner Art Unit 2131

1/5/05

AUZIS.

16/05